Occurrence of Brevoortia gunteri in Mississippi Sound

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THREE species of menhaden and one hybrid are currently recognized from the Gulf of Mexico. The most abundant species, Gulf menhaden, Brevoortia patronus, ranges from the Caloosahatchee River in southwest Florida (Christmas and Gunter, 1960) to the Yucatan peninsula in Mexico (Reintjes and June, 1961). The yellowfin menhaden, B. smithi, occurs in the Gulf from Florida Bay to the Mississippi Delta (Reintjes and June, 1961). Hybrid menhaden occur over part of the range where these two species overlap. B. smithi \times patronus have been collected offshore from Tampa Bay south to Cape Sable, Florida (Turner, 1969). Dahlberg (1966), who originally described the hybrids, recorded them from as far north as Port St. Joe along the west coast of Florida. The finescale menhaden, B. gunteri, occurs from Louisiana to the Gulf of Campeche in Mexico; the easternmost previous record is Chandeleur Sound NW of North Island, Louisiana (Christmas and Gunter, 1960).

The collection on 29 October 1966 of a finescale menhaden in a haul seine at Pascagoula Beach, Mississippi, extended the known range of the species eastward by approximately 35 miles and constitutes the first record from Mississippi Sound. The specimen, a 278 mm (fork length) mature male (Beaufort Biological Laboratory Catalog No. BL 955), was identified by the vertebral count (43, including the urostyle), which corresponded to the modal count obtained by Hildebrand (1948) and readily distinguished the fish from *B. smithi*, (the only other fine-scaled species of North American menhadens) which has 45 to 47 vertebrae. (*B. smithi* and *B. gunteri*, characterized by small scales, are frequently grouped as fine-scaled menhadens; *B. patronus* has larger scales and together with its cognate, *B. tyrannus*, along the Atlantic States composes the coarse-scaled menhadens).

The occurrence of *B. gunteri* in Mississippi Sound in late October represented an extension in time as well as range for this species in the northern Gulf. The latest date of collection previously recorded for finescale menhaden in waters of the northern Gulf was on 30 September (Christmas and Gunter, 1960). The October col-

lection was significant because it coincided with the time Suttkus (1956) inferred *B. patronus* began spawning in that region, and the specimen was categorized as stage III, ripening (as defined by Turner, 1969). Although this record establishes the occurrence of mature *B. gunteri* along the northern Gulf coast at the onset of the menhaden spawning season, young finescale menhaden have never been recognized in collections of juveniles from estuarine waters in that region. Hybrids between *B. gunteri* and the other two sympatric menhadens are unknown.

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